













#### WHAT IS THE GOAL HERE?

To revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development.

#### WHY?

In 2015, world leaders adopted the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development that aims to end poverty, tackle inequalities and combat climate change. We need everyone to come together — governments, civil society, scientists, academia and the private sector — to achieve the sustainable development goals.



Greater effort is needed to align development cooperation with countrydefined development priorities and results, particularly in fragile countries





un.org/sustainabledevelopment/









Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development











STRENGTHEN THE MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION AND REVITALIZE THE GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT



STRENGTHEN THE MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION AND REVITALIZE

AND AID TO

THE LDCs

**ROSE BY** 

2.6%

SUSTAINABLE GOALS

ACCESS MORE DATA AND INFORMATION ON THE INDICATORS AT HTTPS://UNSTATS.UN.ORG/SDGS/REPORT/2020/

**GLOBAL FOREIGN** 

IS EXPECTED TO **DECLINE BY UP TO 40%** 

IN 2020

DIRECT INVESTMENT

FIXED-BROADBAND SUBSCRIPTIONS

PER 100 INHABITANTS IN 2019 DEVELOPED

ONLY

HALF THE LEVEL

IT NEEDS TO BE

COUNTRIES

33.6

DEVELOPING

11.2

COUNTRIES

**BUT AID** 

TO AFRICA

ROSE BY

1.3%

FROM 2018

REMITTANCES -TO LOW- AND MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES -

FOR MANY POOR HOUSEHOLDS -

\$554 BILLION IN 2019 ----- \$445 BILLION IN 2020

INTERNATIONAL FUNDING FOR

DATA AND STATISTICS

WAS \$690 MILLION IN 2017

BEFORE COVID-19

NET ODA

TOTALLED

\$147.4 BILLION

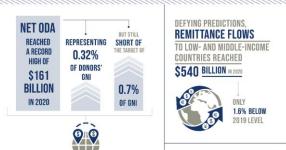
IN 2019

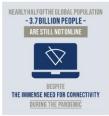
ALMOST

UNCHANGED

FROM 2018

COVID-19 IMPLICATIONS







FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT

DROPPED BY UP TO 40%

THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS REPORT 2021; UNSTATS.UN.ORG/SDGS/REPORT/2021/







## **Facts and Figures**

- Net Official Development Assistance flows by member countries of the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development totaled \$147.4 billion in 2019.
- 79 percent of imports from developing countries enter developed countries duty-free
- The debt burden on developing countries remains stable at about 3 percent of export revenue
- Trade, foreign direct investment and remittances all projected to decline by upto 40 percent in 2020.
- Almost half of the world's population is not connected to the internet, particularly in poor countries.











MOBILIZE RESOURCES TO IMPROVE DOMESTIC REVENUE COLLECTION

#### TARGET 17·2



IMPLEMENT ALL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE COMMITMENTS

#### TARGET 17·3



MOBILIZE FINANCIAL RESOURCES FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

## TARGET 17·4



ASSIST DEVELOPING COUNTRIES IN ATTAINING DEBT SUSTAINABILITY

# TARGET 17-5

INVEST IN LEAST DEVELOPED COUNTRIES

#### TARGET 17.6



KNOWLEDGE SHARING AND COOPERATION FOR ACCESS TO SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION

# TARGET 17.7



PROMOTE SUSTAINABLE TECHNOLOGIES TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

#### TARGET 17.8



STRENGTHEN THE SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION CAPACITY FOR LEAST DEVELOPED COUNTRIES

#### TARGET 17.9



ENHANCE SDG CAPACITY IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

#### TARGET 17·10



PROMOTE A UNIVERSAL TRADING SYSTEM UNDER THE WTO

















RESPECT NATIONAL LEADERSHIP TO IMPLEMENT POLICIES FOR THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS













### **Finance**



- **17.1** Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection
- **17.2** Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of ODA/GNI to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 percent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 percent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries
- **17.3** Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources
- **17.4** Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress
- **17.5** Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries







#### **Technology**

- **17.6** Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism
- **17.7** Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed
- **17.8** Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology

#### **Capacity building**

**17.9** Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the sustainable development goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation







#### Trade

17.10 Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda

17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020

17.12 Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access

#### **Systemic issues**

Policy and institutional coherence

- 17.13 Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence
- 17.14 Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development
- 17.15 Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development







### Multi-stakeholder partnerships

**17.16** Enhance the global partnership for sustainable development, complemented by multistakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the sustainable development goals in all countries, in particular developing countries

**17.17** Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships

Data, monitoring and accountability

**17.18** By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts

**17.19** By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries







#### Partnership for the goal

2015-2019 Output, Impact, Collaboration

Research supporting SD017 has grown since 2015. SDG Inspiration Days, which convene business, with a compared to nearly 3.5% for research in all fields — stakeholders needed to accelerate the SD0s

Yet the data shows that more research is needed on S0617. Research output, at 229 total publications, was the lowest armong all the SDGs, and nearly 100% lower than SDG3 which had the highest output with research capacity building, climate action and research capacity building. climate action and more than three million total publications.

the strengths of respective partners, providing new perspectives on challenges. Prospective partners may have specialist sector knowledge, on the ground expertise, and/or provide access to key stakeholders which one partner does not have. Transparency is critical and partners should be clear about expectations and engage frequently

A key RELX partner on the SDGs is the United A kay RELX partner on the SOOs is the United Nations Global Compact LIMIGOS which brings UNICC signatures to systems with child social partners to plant projects and dwarfey tools and guidance that can help all companies increase their SOO partnerance. We support the UNICC SOOS Action Platform - Decent Work and Economic Greath - which help business address important SOOS attargets such as 87, "Take immediate SOOS attargets such as 87, "Take immediate differite impressive to pradical series of Library." end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour."

The UNGC is a partner, along with Global Citizen, the Ban Ki-Moon Centre for Global Citizens, and the Responsible Media Forum on RELX







Developing Country Small Island State Resilience Public-private Part... Global Health

global health. One of the most compelling examples of how Elsevier contributes content, data, analytics, expertise and funding to build strong partnerships

is Research4Life. For nearly 20 years, Elsevier has collaborated with UN agencies, publishers, key universities and non-profits to bridge the digital research divide for developing country researchers

Researchal ife content benefitting more than 10,000

Key themes in SDG17 Research

MDX and the REsymbol are trademarks of RBDX Grouppic, used order issues.

Destroys a projected materials of Florida REVIO 2005 RDX Section Science.



229 11.9% Publications Compound Annual Growth Rate in the period in period

Publications from

low-income locations

and research impact

International collaboration

71.4% 1.3% Publications from high-income locations

Academic corporate collaboration 1.86

When in PWC17 Field weighted citation impact is an indicator of exhalierly impact based on the number of times the publication was crited in other research. An RRCI of above 1.0 indicates the impact is

Field-Weighted Citation Impact

34.2%

Publications with

international

collaboration



Top 10 locations

Volume of publications supporting SDG17

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT **GOALS** 

STRENGTHEN THE MEANS OF **IMPLEMENTATION AND** REVITALISE THE GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR SUSTAINABLE



US\$ 146.6 BILLION

OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT **ASSISTANCE IN 2017** 

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



INDIA'S EXTERNAL DEBT IN **MARCH 2018** 

**BRICS COUNTRIES FORM** 

OF THE WORLD'S **POPULATION** CONTRIBUTING

**TO GLOBAL GDP** 

**FOR EVERY** 100 **PEOPLE IN INDIA** APPROX.

**34.42** 

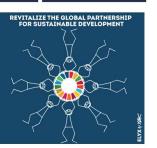
**ARE INTERNET SUBSCRIBERS** 

**76.76%** 

OF THE URBAN POPULATION ARE INTERNET SUBSCRIBERS AS COMPARED TO 14.89% IN RURAL AREAS

PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS







SDG 17: Partnership For The Goals







# How do we achieve the **#GlobalGoals** by 2030?



















































# Youth Philanthropy and Social Entrepreneurship Program

Empowering Young Leaders to Make Social Impact



Volunteering



Philanthrop



Entrepreneurship



Social Impact



